Vignette for the AlteredPQR package

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The package infers changes in protein complex states from quantitative proteomics data. It takes information on known stable protein interactions (i.e. protein subunits of the same complex) and assesses how their protein quantitative ratios change between different conditions. It reports protein pairs for which relative protein quantities to each other have been significantly altered in the tested condition when compared to their reference levels.

1 Example run.

Load the AlteredPQR R package before starting the analysis.

> library(AlteredPQR)

The package provides example datasets, which can be used to run the functions AlteredPQR_RB and () and CorShift().

```
> data("int_pairs", package = "AlteredPQR")
> data("quant_data_all", package = "AlteredPQR")
```

1.1 AlteredPQR_RB() function

The function takes as an input:

(i) a list of protein pairs that can form stable interactions, such as within protein complexes. An example dataset is avialable with the package: **int_pairs**, but a different dataset can be imported by the user in the object of the same name. As a default, we use uniprot protein identifiers.

(ii) a data matrix with quantiative proteomics measurements in which rows represent uniprot protein identifiers, and columns samples. To run the function, the user needs to define which columns contain reference measurements, and which test measurements that will be investigated for the presence of outliers. In the example dataset available with the package **quant_data_all**, reference measurements are in the columns 1:23. The remaining columns are investigated for the presence of outliers.

> cols_with_reference_data = 1:23

Now we are ready to run the function Altered_PQR_RB(). RB stands for 'reference based', as we need to have data for the background (reference) distribution of values. Here, we run it with the default parameters and save results in the object *RepresentativePairs*.

> RepresentativePairs = AlteredPQR_RB()

The object stores information on significant outliers. It lists protein pairs identified as outliers, the AlteredPQR score, samples in which their log ratio values were outliers compared to reference samples, direction in which their log ratio moved compared to reference samples and it provides information on whether single or both proteins contributed to the trend (i.e. outlier signal).

> head (RepresentativePairs)

	Protein_pair	Score	
22	Q13105-Q9Y6K1	76.26833	
1	A0A024QZQ1-I6L9H2	2 63.65863	
7	P37275-Q92769	36.72746	
9	Q9BPX3-Q9UBC3	3 27.34022	
16	P23771-015379	26.69760	
13	Q12824-Q58EY4	24.89665	
			Significant_samples
22		Basa	1_7,Basal_12,Basal_13,Basal_17,Basal_18
1	Basal_1,Basal_2,E	Basal_3,Basal_5,Bas	al_6,Basal_7,Basal_11,Basal_16,Basal_18
7		Basal_1,Basa	l_6,Basal_10,Basal_11,Basal_13,Basal_17
9		Basal_3,Basa	l_6,Basal_12,Basal_16,Basal_11,Basal_15
16		Basal_1,Bas	al_3,Basal_7,Basal_11,Basal_12,Basal_16
13		Basa	l_6,Basal_11,Basal_12,Basal_17,Basal_18
	Change S	Signal_contribution	
22	Decreased_ratio	Q13105&Q9Y6K1	
1	Decreased_ratio	AOAO24QZQ1&I6L9H2	
7	Decreased_ratio	P37275&Q92769	
9	Both_directions	Q9BPX3&Q9UBC3	
16	Decreased_ratio	P23771	
13	Decreased_ratio	Q12824&Q58EY4	

In addition, the function has the following parameters that can be modified by the user:

modif_z_score_threshold (*default 3.5*) - a threshold to start considering values as outliers

fraction_of_samples_threshold (*default* 0.10) - a fraction of test samples that need to be classified as outlier for the protein pair to be listed

modif (default 1) - the higher the value it is, more strict it is for an individual protein to be considered to contribute to the outlier signal

filter_variable_in_ref_set (*default "NO"*) - should protein pairs that have highly variable ratios in reference samples be excluded

write_table (default "NO") - should the results be saved in the text file

print_recomm (default "NO") - does the user wish to have information on the

distribution of modified z-scores in all investigated test samples and, based on this, recommended thresholds for the proteomics dataset provided by the user

1.2 CorShift() function

The function compares correlation values of studied protein pairs between two sample groups and it takes as an input:

(i) a list of protein pairs that can form stable interactions, such as within protein complexes. An example dataset is avialable with the package: **int_pairs**, but a different dataset can be imported by the user in the object of the same name. As a default, we use uniprot protein identifiers.

(ii) a data matrix with quantiative proteomics measurements in which rows represent uniprot protein identifiers, and columns samples. To run the function, the user needs to define which columns contain measurements for each of the two sample groups that will be compared. In the example dataset available with the package (quant_data_all), measurements for the group A are in the columns 1:23 and measurements for the group B are in the remaining 18 columns.

> samplesGroupA = 1:23

> samplesGroupB = (1+23):(23+18)

With a dataset on investigated protein pairs and a data matrix with quantitative proteomic measurments (example sets: **int_pairs** and **quant_data_all**), we are ready to run the function CorShift(). Here, we run it with the default parameters and save results in the object *Cor_results*.

> cor_results = CorShift()

The object lists protein pairs whose correlation values between the two sets of samples strongly differ. It provides information on the Pearson correlation scores and associated p-values in the two groups of samples, it summarizes how many samples from the two groups had measurements for both proteins and could be use for the analysis, and it calculates difference in correlation values between the two groups of samples.

	Pearson_cor_samplesA	cor_p_value	Pearson_cor_samplesB	cor_p_value		
014497-Q58EY4	0.20	0.3689	0.82	0.0000		
Q09028-Q8N2Z9	-0.44	0.1042	0.79	0.0021		
060264-Q13330	-0.21	0.3315	0.76	0.0002		
Q12824-Q16514	0.01	0.9758	0.73	0.0072		
Q14839-Q13330	0.09	0.6746	0.73	0.0007		
Q9BTC8-Q92769	-0.20	0.3630	0.72	0.0008		
NumberOfSamplesA NumberOfSamplesB Correlation_shift						
014497-Q58EY4	23	18	3 0.62			
Q09028-Q8N2Z9	15	12	2 1.23			
060264-Q13330	23	18	3 0.97			

> head (cor_results)

Q12824-Q16514	19	12	0.72
Q14839-Q13330	23	18	0.64
Q9BTC8-Q92769	23	18	0.92

In addition, the function has the following parameters that can be modified by the user:

shift_threshold (*default 0.6*) - a threshold to list pairs with a strong change in correlation values between the two sample groups

writeTable (*default* F) - if "writeTable = T", the resulting table will be saved as a text file protCorrelationShift.txt

min_cor_in_samples (default 0.6) - minimum Pearson correlation value the two proteins need to have in order to consider them as correlating in one of the sample groups

cor_signif (*default 0.01*) - p-value threshold for the Pearson correlation of the two proteins in order to consider them as significantly correlating in one of the sample groups