Package ‘mlr3viz’

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Title  Visualizations for 'mlr3'

Version  0.5.3

Description  Provides visualizations for 'mlr3' objects such as tasks, predictions, resample results or benchmark results via the autoplot() generic of 'ggplot2'. The returned 'ggplot' objects are intended to provide sensible defaults, yet can easily be customized to create camera-ready figures. Visualizations include barplots, boxplots, histograms, ROC curves, and Precision-Recall curves.

License  LGPL-3


BugReports  https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3viz/issues

Depends  R (>= 3.1.0)

Imports  checkmate, data.table, ggplot2 (>= 3.3.0), mlr3misc (>= 0.7.0), utils

Suggests  cluster, distr6 (>= 1.4.4), factoextra, GGally, ggfortify (>= 0.4.11), ggparty, glmnet, lgr, mlr3 (>= 0.6.0), mlr3cluster, mlr3fitters, mlr3learners, mlr3proba (>= 0.3.2), mlr3tuning (>= 0.7.0), paradox, partykit, patchwork (>= 1.1.1), precrec, ranger, rpart, stats, survival, testthat (>= 3.0.0), xgboost

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mlr3viz-package

mlr3viz: Visualizations for 'mlr3'

Description

Provides visualizations for 'mlr3' objects such as tasks, predictions, resample results or benchmark results via the autoplot() generic of 'ggplot2'. The returned 'ggplot' objects are intended to provide sensible defaults, yet can easily be customized to create camera-ready figures. Visualizations include barplots, boxplots, histograms, ROC curves, and Precision-Recall curves.

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See Also

Useful links:
- https://mlr3viz.mlr-org.com
- https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3viz
- Report bugs at https://github.com/mlr-org/mlr3viz/issues

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**as_precrec**

*Convert to 'precrec' Format*

---

**Description**

Converts to a format which is understood by `precrec::evalmod()` of package `precrec`.

**Usage**

```r
as_precrec(object)
```

```r
## S3 method for class 'PredictionClassif'
as_precrec(object)
```

```r
## S3 method for class 'ResampleResult'
as_precrec(object)
```

```r
## S3 method for class 'BenchmarkResult'
as_precrec(object)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` (any)
  - Object to convert.

**Value**

Object as created by `precrec::mmdata()`.

**References**

Description

Generates plots for `mlr3::BenchmarkResult`, depending on argument `type`:

- "boxplot" (default): Boxplots of performance measures, one box per `mlr3::Learner` and one facet per `mlr3::Task`.
- "roc": ROC curve (1 - specificity on x, sensitivity on y). The `mlr3::BenchmarkResult` may only have a single `mlr3::Task` and a single `mlr3::Resampling`. Note that you can subset any `mlr3::BenchmarkResult` with its `$filter()` method (see examples). Requires package `precrec`. Additional arguments will be passed down to the respective `autoplot()` function in package `precrec`. Arguments `calc_avg` and `cb_alpha` are passed to `precrec::evalmod()`.
- "prc": Precision recall curve. See "roc".

Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'BenchmarkResult'
autoplot(object, type = "boxplot", measure = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- `object` (`mlr3::BenchmarkResult`).
- `type` (character(1)): Type of the plot. See description.
- `measure` (`mlr3::Measure`).
- `...` (any): Additional arguments, passed down to the respective `geom` or plotting function.

Value

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.

References


Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)

tasks = tsk(c("pima", "sonar"))
learner = lrs(c("classif.featureless", "classif.rpart"),
```
autoplot.Filter

predict_type = "prob"
resampling = rsmps("cv")
object = benchmark(benchmark_grid(tasks, learner, resampling))

head(fortify(object))
autoplot(object)
autoplot(object$clone(deep = TRUE)$filter(task_ids = "pima"), type = "roc")

---

**Description**
Generates plots for mlr3filters::Filter, depending on argument type:
- "barplot" (default): Bar plot of filter scores.

**Usage**
```r
## S3 method for class 'Filter'
autoplot(object, type = "boxplot", n = Inf, ...)
```

**Arguments**
- `object` (mlr3filters::Filter).
- `type` (character(1)): Type of the plot. See description.
- `n` (integer(1))
  Only include the first n features with highest importance. Defaults to all features.
- `...` (any): Additional argument, passed down to the respective geom.

**Value**
ggplot2::ggplot() object.

**Examples**
```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)
library(mlr3filters)

task = tsk("mtcars")
f = flt("correlation")
f$calculate(task)

head(fortify(f))
autoplot(f, n = 5)
```
Description

Visualizations for `mlr3learners::mlr_learners_classif.glmnet`, `mlr3learners::mlr_learners_regr.glmnet`, `mlr3learners::mlr_learners_classif.cv_glmnet` and `mlr3learners::mlr_learners_regr.cv_glmnet` using the package `ggfortify`.

Note that learner-specific plots are experimental and subject to change.

Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'LearnerClassifCVGlmnet'
autoplot(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'LearnerClassifGlmnet'
autoplot(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'LearnerRegrCVGlmnet'
autoplot(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'LearnerRegrGlmnet'
autoplot(object, ...)
```

Arguments

- `object` (`mlr3learners::LearnerClassifGlmnet | mlr3learners::LearnerRegrGlmnet | mlr3learners::LearnerRegrCVGlmnet | mlr3learners::LearnerRegrCVGlmnet`)
- `...` (any): Additional arguments, passed down to `ggparty::autoplot.party()`.

Value

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.

References


Examples

```r
## Not run:
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)
library(mlr3learners)
```
# classification

task = tsk("sonar")
learner = lrn("classif.glmnet")
learner$train(task)
autoplot(learner)

# regression

task = tsk("mtcars")
learner = lrn("regr.glmnet")
learner$train(task)
autoplot(learner)

## End(Not run)

---

**autoplot.LearnerClassifRpart**

*Plot for LearnerClassifRpart / LearnerRegrRpart*

---

**Description**

Visualize trees for mlr3::mlr_learners_classif.rpart and mlr3::mlr_learners_regr.rpart using the package ggparty.

Contrary to ggparty, boxplots are shown in the terminal nodes for regression trees.

Note that learner-specific plots are experimental and subject to change.

**Usage**

```r
## S3 method for class 'LearnerClassifRpart'
autoplot(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'LearnerRegrRpart'
autoplot(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` (mlr3::LearnerClassifRpart | mlr3::LearnerRegrRpart).
- `...` (any): Additional arguments, passed down to ggparty::autoplot.party().

**Value**

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.
Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)

# classification
task = tsk("iris")
learner = lrn("classif.rpart", keep_model = TRUE)
learner$train(task)
autoplot(learner)

# regression
task = tsk("mtcars")
learner = lrn("regr.rpart", keep_model = TRUE)
learner$train(task)
autoplot(learner)
```

---

### autoplot.LearnerClustHierarchical

**Plot for Hierarchical Clustering Learners**

#### Description

Visualize dendrograms for hierarchical clusterers using the package *factoextra*.

Note that learner-specific plots are experimental and subject to change.

#### Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'LearnerClustHierarchical'
autoplot(object, ...)  
```

#### Arguments

- `object`: (mlr3cluster::LearnerClustAgnes | mlr3cluster::LearnerClustDiana).
- `...`: (any): Additional arguments, passed down to function `factoextra::fviz_dend()` in package *factoextra*.

#### Value

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.

#### Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3cluster)
library(mlr3viz)

task = mlr_tasks$get("usarrests")
```
autoplot.PredictionClassif

# agnes clustering
learner = mlr_learners$get("clust.agnes")
learner$train(task)
 autoplot(learner)

# diana clustering
learner = mlr_learners$get("clust.diana")
learner$train(task)
 autoplot(learner,
  k = learner$param_set$values$k, rect_fill = TRUE,
  rect = TRUE, rect_border = "red")

Description

Generates plots for mlr3::PredictionClassif, depending on argument type:

- "stacked" (default): Stacked barplot of true and estimated class labels.
- "roc": ROC curve (1 - specificity on x, sensitivity on y). Requires package precrec.
- "prc": Precision recall curve. Requires package precrec.

Usage

## S3 method for class 'PredictionClassif'
 autoplot(object, type = "stacked", ...)

Arguments

- object (mlr3::PredictionClassif).
- type (character(1)):
  Type of the plot. See description.
- ... (any): Additional arguments, passed down to the respective geom or plotting function.

Value

ggplot2::ggplot() object.

References

Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)

task = tsk("spam")
learner = lrn("classif.rpart", predict_type = "prob")
object = learner$train(task)$predict(task)

head(fortify(object))
autoplot(object)
autoplot(object, type = "roc")
autoplot(object, type = "prc")
```

### autoplot.PredictionClust

*Plot for PredictionClust*

---

**Description**

Generates plots for `mlr3cluster::PredictionClust`, depending on argument `type`:

- "scatter" (default): scatterplot with correlation values and colored cluster assignments.
- "sil": Silhouette plot with mean silhouette value as a reference line. Requires package `ggfortify`.
- "pca": Perform PCA on data and color code cluster assignments. Inspired by and uses `ggfortify::autoplot.kmeans`.

**Usage**

```r
## S3 method for class 'PredictionClust'
autoplot(object, task, row_ids = NULL, type = "scatter", ...)
```

**Arguments**

- **object** *(mlr3cluster::PredictionClust)*.
- **task** *(mlr3cluster::TaskClust)*.
- **row_ids** row ids to subset task data to ensure that only the data used to make predictions are shown in plots.
- **type** *(character(1)):
Type of the plot. See description.*
- **...** *(any): Additional arguments, passed down to the respective geom.*

**Value**

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.
References

Examples
```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3cluster)
library(mlr3viz)

task = tsk("usarrests")
learner = lrn("clust.kmeans", centers = 3)
object = learner$train(task)$predict(task)

head(fortify(object))
autoplot(object, task)
```

Description
Generates plots for `mlr3::PredictionRegr`, depending on argument type:

- "xy" (default): Scatterplot of "true" response vs. "predicted" response. By default a linear model is fitted via `geom_smooth(method = "lm")` to visualize the trend between x and y (by default colored blue).
  - In addition `geom_abline()` with slope = 1 is added to the plot.
  - Note that `geom_smooth()` and `geom_abline()` may overlap, depending on the given data.
- "histogram": Histogram of residuals: \( r = y - \hat{y} \).
- "residual": Plot of the residuals, with the response \( \hat{y} \) on the "x" and the residuals on the "y" axis.
  - By default a linear model is fitted via `geom_smooth(method = "lm")` to visualize the trend between x and y (by default colored blue).

Usage
```r
# S3 method for class 'PredictionRegr'
autoplot(object, type = "xy", ...)  
```

Arguments
- `object` (mlr3::PredictionRegr).
- `type` (character(1)): Type of the plot. See description.
- `...` (any): Additional arguments, passed down to the respective geom.
Value

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.

Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)

task = tsk("boston_housing")
learner = lrn("regr.rpart")
object = learner$train(task)$predict(task)

head(fortify(object))
autoplot(object)
autoplot(object, type = "histogram", binwidth = 1)
autoplot(object, type = "residual")
```

---

**autoplot.PredictionSurv**

*Plot for PredictionSurv*

**Description**

Generates plots for `mlr3proba::PredictionSurv`, depending on argument type:

- "calib" (default): Calibration plot comparing the average predicted survival distribution to a Kaplan-Meier prediction, this is *not* a comparison of a stratified `crank` or `lp` prediction. `object` must have `distr` prediction. `geom_line()` is used for comparison split between the prediction (Pred) and Kaplan-Meier estimate (KM). In addition labels are added for the x (T) and y (S(T)) axes.
- "dcalib": Distribution calibration plot. A model is D-calibrated if X% of deaths occur before the X/100 quantile of the predicted distribution, e.g. if 50% of observations die before their predicted median survival time. A model is D-calibrated if the resulting plot lies on x = y.

**Usage**

```r
## S3 method for class 'PredictionSurv'
autoplot(
  object,
  type = c("calib", "dcalib"),
  task = NULL,
  row_ids = NULL,
  times = NULL,
  xyline = TRUE,
  cuts = 11L,
  ...
)
```
Arguments

- **object** *(mlr3proba::PredictionSurv)*
- **type** *(character(1))*: Type of the plot. See description.
- **task** *(mlr3proba::TaskSurv)*: If `type = "calib"` then `task` is passed to `$predict` in the Kaplan-Meier learner.
- **row_ids** *(integer())*: If `type = "calib"` then `row_ids` is passed to `$predict` in the Kaplan-Meier learner.
- **times** *(numeric())*: If `type = "calib"` then `times` is the values on the x-axis to plot over, if `NULL` uses all times from `task`.
- **xyline** *(logical(1))*: If `TRUE` (default) plots the x-y line for `type = "dcalib"`.
- **cuts** *(integer(1))*: Number of cuts in (0,1) to plot `dcalib` over, default is 11.
- **...** *(any)*: Additional arguments, currently unused.

References


Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3proba)
library(mlr3viz)

learn = lrn("surv.coxph")
task = tsk("unemployment")
p = learn$train(task, row_ids = 1:300)$predict(task, row_ids = 301:400)

# calibration by comparison of average prediction to Kaplan-Meier
autoplot(p, type = "calib", task = task, row_ids = 301:400)

# Distribution-calibration (D-Calibration)
autoplot(p, type = "dcalib")
```

---

**autoplot.ResampleResult**

*Plot for ResampleResult*
Description

Generates plots for `mlr3::ResampleResult`, depending on argument type:

- "boxplot" (default): Boxplot of performance measures.
- "histogram": Histogram of performance measures.
- "roc": ROC curve (1 - specificity on x, sensitivity on y). The predictions of the individual `mlr3::Resamplings` are merged prior to calculating the ROC curve (micro averaged). Requires package `precrec`. Additional arguments will be passed down to the respective `autoplot()` function in package `precrec`. Arguments calc_avg and cb_alpha are passed to `precrec::evalmod()`.
- "prc": Precision recall curve. See "roc".
- "prediction": Plots the learner prediction for a grid of points. Needs models to be stored. Set `store_models = TRUE` for `[mlr3::resample]`. For classification, we support tasks with exactly two features and learners with `predict_type=` set to "response" or "prob". For regression, we support tasks with one or two features. For tasks with one feature we can print confidence bounds if the predict type of the learner was set to "se". For tasks with two features the predict type will be ignored.

Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'ResampleResult'
autoplot(object, type = "boxplot", measure = NULL, predict_sets = "test", ...)
```

Arguments

- `object` (mlr3::ResampleResult).
- `type` (character(1)): Type of the plot. See description.
- `measure` (mlr3::Measure).
- `predict_sets` (character(1)) Only for type set to "prediction". Which points should be shown in the plot? Can be a subset of ("train", "test") or empty.
- `...` (any): Additional arguments, passed down to the respective geom or plotting function.

Value

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.

References

Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)

task = tsk("sonar")
learner = lrn("classif.rpart", predict_type = "prob")
resampling = rsmp("cv")
object = resample(task, learner, resampling)

head(fortify(object))

# Default: boxplot
autoplot(object)

# Histogram
autoplot(object, type = "histogram", bins = 30)

# ROC curve, averaged over resampling folds:
autoplot(object, type = "roc")

# ROC curve of joint prediction object:
autoplot(object$prediction(), type = "roc")

# Precision Recall Curve
autoplot(object, type = "prc")

# Prediction Plot

task = tsk("iris")$select(c("Sepal.Length", "Sepal.Width"))
resampling = rsmp("cv", folds = 3)
object = resample(task, learner, resampling, store_models = TRUE)
autoplot(object, type = "prediction")
```

**autoplot.TaskClassif**  
*Plot for Classification Tasks*

Description

Generates plots for mlr3::TaskClassif, depending on argument type:

- "target" (default): Bar plot of the target variable (default).
- "duo": Passes data and additional arguments down to GGally::ggduo(). columnsX is target, columnsY is features.
- "pairs": Passes data and additional arguments down to GGally::ggpairs(). Color is set to target column.

Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'TaskClassif'
autoplot(object, type = "target", ...)
```
Arguments

object (mlr3::TaskClassif).

type (character(1)):
Type of the plot. See description.

... (any): Additional argument, possibly passed down to the underlying plot functions.

Value

ggplot2::ggplot() object.

Examples

library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)

task = tsk("iris")

head(fortify(task))
autoplot(task)
autoplot(task$clone()$select(c("Sepal.Length", "Sepal.Width")),
type = "pairs")
autoplot(task, type = "duo")
autoplot.TaskDens

Value

ggplot2::ggplot() object.

Examples

library(mlr3)
library(mlr3cluster)
library(mlr3viz)

task = mlr_tasks$get("usarrests")

head(fortify(task))
autoplot(task)

Description

Generates plots for mlr3proba::TaskDens.

Usage

## S3 method for class 'TaskDens'
autoplot(object, type = "dens", ...)

Arguments

object (mlr3proba::TaskDens).

Type of the plot. Available choices:
  - "dens": histogram density estimator (default) with ggplot2::geom_histogram().
  - "freq": histogram frequency plot with ggplot2::geom_histogram().
  - "overlay": histogram with overlaid density plot with ggplot2::geom_histogram() and ggplot2::geom_density().
  - "freqpoly": frequency polygon plot with ggplot2::geom_freqpoly.

... (any): Additional arguments, possibly passed down to the underlying plot functions.

Value

ggplot2::ggplot() object.
Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3proba)
task = tsk("precip")

head(fortify(task)) autoplot(task, bins = 15)
autoplot(task, type = "freq", bins = 15)
autoplot(task, type = "overlay", bins = 15)
autoplot(task, type = "freqpoly", bins = 15)
```

---

### autoplot.TaskRegr

**Plot for Regression Tasks**

#### Description

Generates plots for `mlr3::TaskRegr`, depending on argument `type`:

- "target": Box plot of target variable (default).
- "pairs": Passes data and additional arguments down to `GGally::ggpairs()`. Color is set to target column.

#### Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'TaskRegr'
autoplot(object, type = "target", ...)
```

#### Arguments

- `object` (mlr3::TaskRegr).
- `type` (character(1)): Type of the plot. See description.
- `...` (any): Additional argument, passed down to the underlying geom or plot functions.

#### Value

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.

#### Examples

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)

task = tsk("mtcars")
task$select(c("am", "carb"))

head(fortify(task)) autoplot(task)
autoplot(task, type = "pairs")
```
**autoplot.TaskSurv**

*Plot for Survival Tasks*

**Description**
Generates plots for `mlr3proba::TaskSurv`, depending on argument type:

- "target": Calls `GGally::ggsurv()` on a `survival::survfit()` object.
- "duo": Passes data and additional arguments down to `GGally::ggduo()`. `columnsX` is target, `columnsY` is features.
- "pairs": Passes data and additional arguments down to `GGally::ggspairs()`. Color is set to target column.

**Usage**
```r
## S3 method for class 'TaskSurv'
autoplot(object, type = "target", ...)
```

**Arguments**
- `object` (`mlr3proba::TaskSurv`).
- `type` (character(1)): Type of the plot. Available choices:
- `...` (any): Additional argument, passed down to `$formula` of `mlr3proba::TaskSurv` or the underlying plot functions.

**Value**
`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.

**Examples**
```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)
library(mlr3proba)

task = tsk("lung")
head(fortify(task))
autoplot(task)
autoplot(task, rhs = "sex")
autoplot(task, type = "duo")
```
autoplot.TuningInstanceSingleCrit

Plot for TuningInstanceSingleCrit

Description

Generates plots for mlr3tuning::TuningInstanceSingleCrit.

Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'TuningInstanceSingleCrit'
autoplot(
  object,
  type = "marginal",
  cols_x = NULL,
  trafo = FALSE,
  learner = mlr3::lrn("regr.ranger"),
  grid_resolution = 100,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

- **object** (mlr3tuning::TuningInstanceSingleCrit): The TuningInstanceSingleCrit object.
- **type** (character(1)): Type of the plot. Available choices:
  - "marginal": scatter plots of hyperparameter versus performance. The colour of the points shows the batch number.
  - "performance": scatter plots of batch number versus performance.
  - "parameter": scatter plots of batch number versus hyperparameter. The colour of the points shows the performance.
  - "parallel": parallel coordinates plot. Parameter values are rescaled by \( (x - \text{mean}(x)) / \text{sd}(x) \).
  - "points": scatter plot of two hyperparameters versus performance. The colour of the points shows the performance.
  - "surface": surface plot of 2 hyperparameters versus performance. The performance values are interpolated with the supplied mlr3::Learner.
- **cols_x** (character()): Column names of hyperparameters. By default, all untransformed hyperparameters are plotted. Transformed hyperparameters are prefixed with x_domain_.
- **trafo** (logical(1)) Determines if untransformed (FALSE) or transformed (TRUE) hyperparameters are plotted.
- **learner** (mlr3::Learner) Regression learner used to interpolate the data of the surface plot.
grid_resolution
  (numeric())
  Resolution of the surface plot.
...
  (any): Additional arguments, possibly passed down to the underlying plot functions.

Value

ggplot2::ggplot() object.

Examples

if(requireNamespace("mlr3tuning") && requireNamespace("patchwork")) {
  library(mlr3tuning)

  learner = lrn("classif.rpart")
  learner$param_set$values$cp = to_tune(0.001, 0.1)
  learner$param_set$values$minsplit = to_tune(1, 10)

  instance = TuningInstanceSingleCrit$new(
    task = tsk("iris"),
    learner = learner,
    resampling = rsmp("holdout"),
    measure = msr("classif.ce"),
    terminator = trm("evals", n_evals = 10))

  tuner = tnr("random_search")
  tuner$optimize(instance)

  # plot performance versus batch number
  autoplot(instance, type = "performance")

  # plot cp values versus performance
  autoplot(instance, type = "marginal", cols_x = "cp")

  # plot transformed parameter values versus batch number
  autoplot(instance, type = "parameter", trafo = TRUE)

  # plot parallel coordinates plot
  autoplot(instance, type = "parallel")
}
**predict_grid**

**Description**

Generates a plot for the `mlr3::Prediction` of a single `mlr3::Learner` on a single `mlr3::Task`.

- For classification we support tasks with exactly two features and learners with `predict_type` set to "response" or "prob".
- For regression we support tasks with one or two features. For tasks with one feature we print confidence bounds if the predict type of the learner was set to "se". For tasks with two features the predict type will be ignored.

Note that this function is a wrapper around `autoplot.ResampleResult()` for a temporary `mlr3::ResampleResult` using `mlr3::mlr_resamplings_holdout` with ratio 1 (all observations in training set).

**Usage**

```
plot_learner_prediction(learner, task, grid_points = 100L, expand_range = 0)
```

**Arguments**

- `learner` *(mlr3::Learner)*.
- `task` *(mlr3::Task)*.
- `grid_points` *(integer(1))*
  
  Resolution of the grid. For factors, ordered and logicals this value is ignored.
- `expand_range` *(numeric(1))*
  
  Expand the prediction range for numerical features.

**Value**

`ggplot2::ggplot()` object.

**Examples**

```r
library(mlr3)
library(mlr3viz)

task = mlr3::tsk("pima")$select(c("age", "glucose"))
learner = lrn("classif.rpart", predict_type = "prob")
p = plot_learner_prediction(learner, task)
print(p)
```

---

**predict_grid**

Generates a data.table of evenly distributed points.

**Description**

For each point we have the predicted class / regression value in column `response`. If the learner predicts probabilities, a column ".prob.response" is added that contains the probability of the predicted class.
predict_grid

Usage
predict_grid(learners, task, grid_points, expand_range)

Arguments
learners       list of trained learners, each learner belongs to one resampling iteration
               the task all learners are trained on
grid_points    (int): see sequenize
expand_range   see sequenize
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